

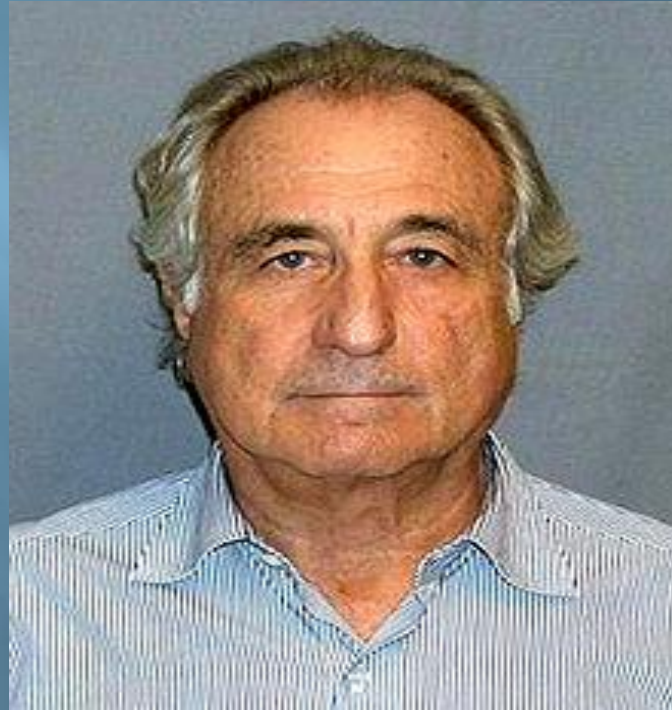
THE JOY OF SHIPPING

April 15, 2010



GEMINI SHIPPERS GROUP®

ECONOMIC WOES



MORTGAGE CRISIS, HOUSING MARKET COLLAPSE, POOR
RETAIL FIGURES, UNEMPLOYMENT



GEMINI SHIPPERS GROUP®

WHAT HAPPENED?

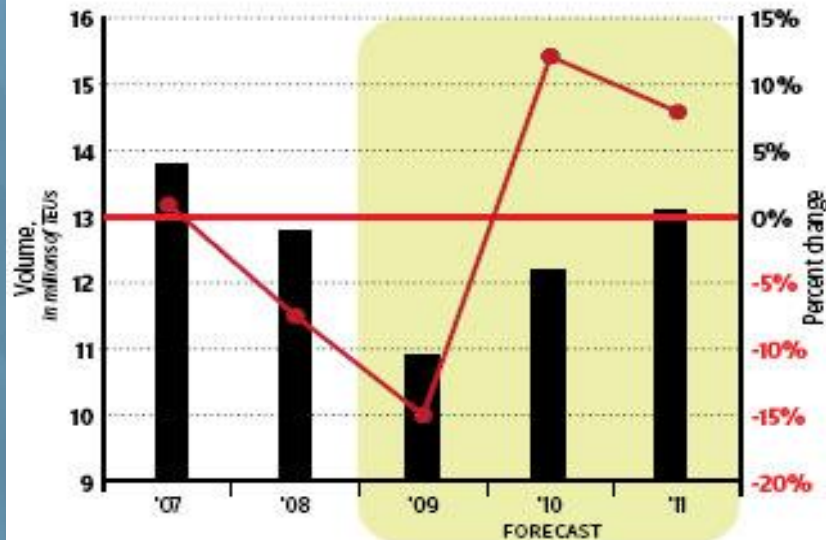
	JANUARY-DECEMBER			FEBRUARY		
IMPORTS	2008	2009	% CHANGE	2009	2010	% CHANGE
Port of Long Beach	3,189,363	2,534,897	-20.5%	149,299	207,920	39.3%
Port of Los Angeles	4,138,590	3,524,386	-14.8%	206,035	267,361	29.8%



WHAT HAPPENED?

ASIA-U.S. IMPORTS

■ Containerized imports, in millions of TEUs, and year-over-year percent change.



SOURCE: PIERS Global Intelligence Solutions, a sister company of The Journal of Commerce, www.piers.com

CARRIER RESPONSE – 1

- ❖ THANKSGIVING 2008 – BEGINNING OF RATE WARS
- ❖ RATE REDUCTIONS ESCALATED THROUGH 2009
- ❖ HOW LOW CAN YOU GO?
- ❖ IT'S ALL ABOUT MARKET SHARE



CARRIER RESPONSE – 2

OOPS. WE MISCALCULATED AND LOST
\$20 BILLION!!!!



OVER 10% GLOBAL CAPACITY REMOVED;
BETWEEN 30 – 60% IN TRANS-PACIFIC; GRAND
ALLIANCE REMOVED 67% OF CAPACITY FROM
SHANGHAI/NINGBO/QINGDAO ORIGINS



GEMINI SHIPPERS GROUP®

TIGHT SHIPS, HIGHER RATES

Maritime Transportation

Tight Ships, Higher Rates

Capacity crunch will help ocean carriers keep pricing leverage on East Coast routes in 2006

Shippers hoping for a decade of constant capacity aren't so sure ocean carrier services to the East Coast are in for a disappointing event. Instead of a flood of new services and larger ships on opening routes, capacity growth is more likely to be just a trickle — at best for the first half of 2006.

With the global container fleet expected to increase by 154 percent next year, according to a report by the European Investment Banking Group, it would seem logical that carriers would shift a significant number of the ships currently deployed to the more lucrative trans-Pacific and Asia-through routes to East Coast services. But that's just theory so far, especially on trans-Atlantic routes.

Indeed, many of the smaller ships on the Asia-Europe and Asia-West Coast routes will stay there with others shifting to fast-growing trades such as the intra-Asia routes. There will be some increase in all-water services through the Panama Canal and the West Coast, along with larger ships on some existing services.

The CMAI Alliance — consisting of Cosco, Hapag-Lloyd, Yang Ming and Hellenic Shipping — for example, will be adding 600 TEUs of capacity per week on one of their five services from Asia that meet on the capacity growth is expected to occur in the third and fourth quarters.

As for the trans-Atlantic trade, look for any increase in vessel space. That's the view not only of the fleet financiers, but also shippers and non-vessel-operating common carrier executives such as Ben DeMarino, international transportation manager for BNSF, Wal-Mart, and Childs Worldwide of J.D. Heil, Dallas.

The demand for container space on routes linking northern Europe and North America, however, is expected to grow, putting shipping lines in good position to get at least some of their planned rate increases, particularly on inland routes.

"Trans-Atlantic rates are going up for

sure," DeMarino said. "Rolling in late advantage of the tight rates between supply and demand, the Trans-Atlantic Conference Agreement, which represents six major carriers, announced hefty increases in its tariff rates for 2006.

"The conference will tariff rates for all

"Trans-Atlantic rates are going up for sure"

commercial cargo, eastbound and westbound, will increase \$100 per 40-foot container and \$200 per 20-foot foot (in U.S. dollars).

Moreover, the lines will also raise rates for 20-foot boxes by \$240 and for 40-foot containers by \$300, effective April 1. TACA said it plans to raise itself rates again July 1 and Oct. 1, and it will announce the amounts as those dates draw closer.

The lines said the increases are needed to ensure sufficient rates to a viable level over a long period of decline and to compensate for rising costs.

Whether the lines will be able to get anything close to the increases in the tariff rates is questionable. Most trade orgs.

St. Lawrence Challenges Gulf

The clash of St. Lawrence Seaway development on major ocean carriers and shippers to dock, berthing, unguaged Gulf Coast ports and rates, come through the channel in the U.S.-Canada border. During a recent visit to St. Lawrence, Ontario, president of U.S. St. Lawrence Seaway Development, and Robert Clark, president of Canada's St. Lawrence Seaway Development, and the Seaway is expected to reach port and price agreements.

Single rates in the wintering as one competitor with Gulf ports, they said. "We're making a national effort as a result of the logistical problems recently facing the Gulf ports, and need to maximize shippers' use of the capacity to meet cargo through the Seaway system," Clark said. "Any increased demand can be met by the Seaway, its Seaway ports and integrated land and water."

The delegates called upon the Seaway to improve their reliability as well as to raise cargo handling the system's efficiency.

and by service contracts with the lines and shippers typically agreeing to such lower increases. If there are any at all. Or, as is typical, the lines will agree to volume rates, depending on supply and demand.

The carriers have greater leverage on the 1.6-trillion-ton Asia-Europe-Dallas because of the capacity crunch on these routes. For the week dollar has finally begun to boost U.S. exports to Europe, with volume up 12 percent in the first half of 2005 compared with the same period in 2004.

Intercontinent rates grew 5.5 percent in

U.S. demand across them rather than the effect of the currency changes, which have raised the cost of European imports, while reducing rates paid to Europe for U.S. goods.

"Outbound is pretty locked at the moment. Spain is still high," said Thomas Hoffmann, sales manager for Harrold at The American Oceanic & Navigation Co., and broker. Still, rates on U.S. exports to Europe are likely to rise.

But the lines will have more negotiating leverage in 2006. Capacity on the trans-Atlantic line falls 8 percent this year, TACA said, and it predicts no growth in vessel space next year.

BY WILLIAM ARONOWITZ

December 11, 2005 ENR 19



GEMINI SHIPPERS GROUP®

NEW CHALLENGES!

- ❖ SLOW STEAMING – MAY ADD 1 – 5 DAYS TO TRANSIT TIME
- ❖ OVERBOOKING/ROLLS
- ❖ STAFF REDUCTIONS AT CARRIERS
- ❖ CONTINUATION OF TIGHT CAPACITY



ISSUES AND MISCONCEPTIONS

- ❖ WHAT GOOD ARE LOW RATES?
- ❖ GEMINI DOES NOT INSTRUCT CARRIERS WHICH MEMBERS' FREIGHT SHOULD BE LOADED
- ❖ COMMUNICATION BETWEEN GEMINI AND ITS MEMBERS IS CONFIDENTIAL



HOW TO IMPROVE THE SITUATION

- ❖ FORECAST! FORECAST! FORECAST!
- ❖ BOOK EARLY
- ❖ DO NOT DOUBLE BOOK
- ❖ LIMIT THE NUMBER OF CARRIERS AND HAVE FREQUENT MEETINGS OR CONVERSATIONS WITH YOUR REGULAR CARRIERS
- ❖ COMMUNICATE WITH GEMINI N.Y. AND H.K.
- ❖ FORECAST! FORECAST! FORECAST!



CONTRACT CHANGES

- ❖ CONTRACT SIGNINGS FOR 2010
- ❖ ADDITIONAL CARRIERS
- ❖ ADDITIONAL SPACE COMING BY MID-MAY
- ❖ WORK WITH MEMBERS AND CARRIERS - FEWER CARRIERS PER MEMBER, FEWER MEMBERS PER CARRIER = LESS HEADACHES FOR ALL
- ❖ GEMINI LCL PROGRAM



THANK YOU FOR BEING A
MEMBER!

